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BURLINGTON, THURSDAY, DEC. 1.

WANTED.

When you want anything, advertise in the new special column of this paper. Som bargains are offered there this week which it will pay you to read about. See page seven. This paper has more than 25,000 readers every week, and one cent a word will reach them all.

President John H. Mead of the Vermont

Judging from the number of jail deliveries that have occurred in Bennington county a new jail is a pressing need there. til this defect can be remedied the authorities should post notices in the present structure asking prisoners not to lean against the

The rapid transit commissioners have gonback to a new elevated railroad scheme as a means of solving the rapid transit problem in New York. This solution has already been considered and rejected, and the finally be obliged to accept the areade sys tem projected for the metropolis by the late Hon. D. C. Linsley of Vermont.

Although the true nature of the alleged State bank at Barton has been disclosed sooner than was expected, through the arrest of its organizer for fraud, the outcom is no surprise to people in this section. When it was announced that the list of incorporators included alleged residents of Burlington and Rutland whom no one in these cities loss through this bogus concern might have

Titled husbands are not in so great demand by American girls as they were once upon a time, and the demand is rapidly growing encouragingly less on account of just such experiences as that of Princess Colonna, daughter of Mrs. John W. Mackay by her first husband. This young woman found out six months after her marriage in 1883 to Prince Ferdinand Gallatro Colonna that her Italian husband had a very marked taste for gambling, horse-racing and a fast life. She endured life with him until last October, when she took her three children and went to Paris. Now she has applied for a legal separation and the custody of her children. Our readers can readily draw a

where children who ought to be in school admits that if all the interests affected op very unsafe weapon in the hands of a are to be found playing truant upon the pass the new tariff bill it must fail. streets. The Swanton Courier last week | Outside of these slips the message | complained of the large number of children scarcely noteworthy. It is a fair, business of school age who were to be seen almost like document, but it is in marked contrast | right is too well known by our readers in every day playing about its village, and a to some of Mr. Cleveland's aggressive and general to require a restatement, but a few similar condition of affairs undoubtedly pre- outspoken utterances when he was addressvalls in many of the larger towns in the ling the republican Congress, and even dem-State as well as in most of the smaller ones, ocrats will search it in vain for any real Burlington has effected a thorough reform helps toward the solution of the great probin this respect during the past few years, lems which are facing "our beloved counand every town in Vermont ought to remedy try. this crying evil at once. Illiteracy is a weed of rapid growth and the struggle against its spread can not be too thorough or too per-

President Cleveland's Message.

Few president's messages, have been lookwhich was sent to Congress Monday by tariff question; the agitation communing rights for the sexes: changes in the banking laws; the project to impose a tax upon incomes, and the uncer tainty which has existed concerning the exact attitude of the administration toward Hawaii, have combined to render the president's announcement of his policy and rec municidations of more than usual interest. Nor has the intensity of that interest been lessened by the fact that the public had obtained a fairly correct idea of what the policy of the administration would be concerning the more important i-sues.

President Cleveland, after speaking of the fact that the duty of preparing a message is "constitutional," devotes his attention first to the subject of our foreign relations, which, he concedes, have not been centirely free from perplexity." The enforcement of the Geary law has caused no little uneasiness, but the president thinks that the extension of the time for registration will induce the Chinese who de sire to remain in this country to avail themselves of the opportunity to do so by lawful procedure, so that enforced deportation may be to a great degree avoided. The chances would seem to be against such 111 a result, however, for inasmuch as our government has exhibited a hesitancy, which might readily be attributed to fear, in the matter of trying to enforce the law, the Chinese will be likely to try a second

time their game of bluff. In referring to the Hawaiian question, which has confessedly caused the administration serious embarrassment, the president places full reliance upon the "impartial" report of Special Commissioner Blount as showing beyond question that the constitutional government of Hawaii had been overthrown with the active aid of our representative to that government, and Mr. Cleveland holds that the only honorable course for our government is to undo the wrong and restore the queen to her throne.

He does not say this, however, it is significant. to note, but delicately veils the thought in the appression, "to restore as far as practicable the status existing at the time of our foreible intervention." The American minister has not accomplished the restoration of the nomarchy so far as known, but when the deed is done the president will Inform Con-

Turning to the subject of the revenue the president announces that the estimates show probable deficiency of \$28,000,000 by June 30, 1894, but he suggests no imme diate steps to meet this deficiency, relying upon his confidence that "the reduced tariff duties provided for in the proposed legislaation, will, in the near future, though perevenue to meet the needs of the governaction of the president, who has shown no parding positive financial measures.

Mr. Cleveland is satisfied that the reing the purchase of silver bullion by the covernment as a feature of our monetary cheme has made an entire change in the con. He says that "in the nature of things iowever, it is impossible to know at this Sheep Breeders' association says that the brought about by the change, or what, if siring to debble in politics, when she by ineffect of the new wood tariff would annihid any supplementary legislation may, in the ference compares the work of the woman late the wood interests of this State entirely. light of such combitions, uppear suffragists to that of refined women in the to be essential or expedient." He is

clause. Mr. Cleveland save that the authorioward the close of the last administration has since been followed, thus evidently intending to convey the impression that the old soldiers are being, treated no worse now than they were under Harrison's adminischances are tint the commissioners will tration, but this delicate altempt at dissembling will hardly serve, however, to dind those worthy veterans whose mames have been striken from the pension list uner a Southern secretary of the interior.

That subject of the message which is tration were cutified to be disignated as thin they must go to the unreduced and denificant, however, that after speaking of the can not do as women can; and it is a sign and v g table and the removal or knew, the questionable character of the in- the president excuses the "few additional gion, pure and undefied, is above cold lar with which to meet checks, otherwise the berne, but they have the further merit of grandest opportunities that ever opened to republican amporties, and retaliation is being such as can be remitted without unnecessity of their Imposition no longer

Even President Cleveland then does admit. t least by inference, that reductions in tardisturbance," and uses that fact as an argubeen loudly proclaiming all the while that rule, be the most active. This was demonthe democratic proposition to "smash the strated recently in New York, where the tariff had nothing to do with eausing manu- only voice raised by women suffragists was facturing and business enterprises to fear used in behalf of the elevation to so swered means of checking fraud in the shape of and hestitate. President Cleveland egives an office as the judicial bench of a man away" in more senses than one the whole whom the best men in his own and all away" in more senses than one the whole whom the test men in his own and all ported goods cannot be verified except at democratic "tariff reform" seheme political parties would not support. If for the expense of much time and trouble. The when he shows that taxes have been the other hand, the women who worked for Rutland is not the only town in the State tinkering does disturb business. He also there children who ought to be in school after the other and by acknowledging that tariff they were working to purify polities, their experience which renders it impossible to the children who ought to be in school after the other and by acknowledging that tariff they were working to purify polities, their experience which renders it impossible to

"Why Women Hesitate" Again.

An estimable woman of this city words us the following communication in reply to our to speak for them. The great insjority of explanation of the statement made by Miss our women have said by word and not that Campbell, secretary of the Woman's Suf- they did not wish to vote or hold office or do frage association of Peansylvania, to the jury duty, or assume other burdens which ed for with greater curiosity than that effect that one of the chief obstacles in the would be added to their labors as the result movement was the apathy of the women of the adoption of woman suffrage. Mr. Cleveland. The unsettled status of the themselves in the matter of equal political

To the Editor of the Free Pres-

To the Editor of the Free Press:

Referring to your editorial of November 28, "Why Women Hestator," it seems quite possible that Miss Campbell, in making her regrets that "some of the ygorous opponents of woman suffrage were found among the women graduates of colleges," did not take into account the fact that many of these wemen came from homes of wealth and cutagrs, and had little knowledge of the men and women who are not only struggling for a fair-sungation but for the actual necessities of life.

Naturally they do not know how the other half lives and would not take the trouble to investigate. Of the misary, want, intemperance, impurity, vice and crime among those other people they are practically ignorant.

To be sure there are notable exceptions. For instance, women's college settlements in the sums of our great cities, A few clustest, cultivated women have had always had an car intent to listen to the sail strains of sorrow.

The sons and daughters largely entrusted to

stume. Of our great cities, A leve cities and cultivated women have head always had an ear intent to inten to the sad strains of a control of the care of the mothers of the land, no matter have delicately reared and protected, may come into control with the sons and daughters between the control with the sons and daughters are the control with the sons and daughters between the care of the mothers of the land, no matter have delicately reared and protected, may come into control with the sons and daughters are the cause of woman suffrage to the public date when the state of an older-fold or that of a helphtweing volume that does it.

The specific plant when comen realize their than a specific plant when the state of the protect of the man when he women and handsarbs, if they proceed them, as they do now, if not better and will guide their sons and daughters into the protect of the man when he but to admit their constant obstrain and will guide their sons and daughters into the protect of the man when he but to admit their constant of their good judgment.

When good men and women who have an intelligent conception of its insenting have a right to east a surred obligation, when only those men and women who have an intelligent conception of its insenting have a right to east necessary of the man cannot be the good women of very man so the cost side of the plant in hem too, will not "circuit from all as a patient of the protection of the meaning have a right to east necessary of the cost of the meaning have a right to east necessary of the cost of the meaning have a right to east necessary of the cost of the meaning have a right to east necessary of the cost of the meaning have a right to east necessary of the cost of the meaning have a right to east necessary of the cost of the meaning have a right to east necessary of the cost of the me

cted this obligation. It is only because a few advanced thinkers have made themselves familiar with the corruption of office stekets in general, and some office holiers in particular, that they have been willing to register and take upon themselves the responsibility of casting their votes against the political besset. A visit to some of the homes of that State, and of the summer and still farther advanced State of Kansas, might find the women changed, but even the Funz Purss would actually the control of the summer and still farther advanced state of Kansas, might find the women changed, but even the Funz Purss would actually the season of the person and in the frivoltes of society there is more spent in discussing the living questions of the day and in endeavoring to rabe up those loss favored.

When woman discovers her importance as a factor of good government, she will no longer

We desire at the outset to call the attention of our correspondent to the fact that she has begged the entire question considered haps not immediately, produce sufficient by us, and has practically ignored the point raised by Miss Campbell regarding the sent." This is fully in line with the past apathy of women as an obstacle to the woman's rights movement. Consequently inclination to make recommendations re- many of the statements made are not germane to the subject. We were not arguing against woman's rights but morecent repeal of the provision of law regard. It giving our opinion as to why most women are thus apathetic. One correspondent crititate to mingle with the motley crowd emplexion of our currency affairs;" but he usually found at political primaries or to participate in the factivities of the type ical voting booth. She does not tall for short from confirming our interpretation of time precisely what conditions will be one influence that prevents women from deslums of the larger cities. Until the millerwilling to trust the future to solve the minn approaches we do not expect the large number of articles which it adds problem; but almost any man could do to see voting places converted into In relation to the treatment of pensioners might be perfectly proper for some and especially under the disability, pendon, of the good women to endersor to purify these places by frequenting them. Going ative construction given to the statute to an extreme case to show the fallacy of our correspondent's argument it might be a proper thing, and even a commendable act. for the good women to try to elevate the social tone of a jockey have by their preence, but no same woman would think of

The world has been taught that a fountain can not be pavified at its month, but that its source must be reached to accomreated in the "last but not least" order is beginning at the ballot box are attempting labelled "tariff reform," just as if only the to cleanse the fountain at its mouth. If changes in the direction of reform. It is significated homes. Here is a work that man favorable business disturbance whenever and poverty-stricken homes in every connumity, where a sympathetic and comforting word, and deeds of kindness will do far more to clevate and encourage degraded humanity than will the casting of a buildt.

The great difficulty with woman suffrage s that not all women go into politics for placated. ment in favor of increased internal revenue the purpose of purifying the political archa for specific data is a feature of the bill taxes; while the democratic organs have and the most dangerous clement will, as a which will ell a the criticism of many dem samply taken from one hand and placed in the election of Judge Mayaard supposed new tariff tell with in this respect, open the

> subject of women suffrage as a woman's this section is particularly favored but a of them seem to be labering under a misapprehension. We have frequently stated the women of Vermont desired to vote the woodlen macaninethrers are slightly protectmen of Vermont were gallant, if not fair. enough to see that they had the opportunity. The women of Vermont in general are fully competent, however, to say whether or not they desire to vote, as: are the few women suffragists who assume

Our correspondent says that the women of Massachusetts have been driven into politics to promote the progress of schools, and it looks as if the Vermont women would require something to "drive" them in a sim that manner; for reference to the vote our school commissioners in the large towns show that the women thereof practically ig nore the right granted them by our Legislature to vote for that officer. In Massachu setts a particular emergency resulted in the rush of women to the ballot box, marked voteseast for this officer by women is rapidly

declining. References to the status of woman suffrage in Kansas and other States where the peo-

bury, and we are going to have a lieutenant-Intending candidates governor next year. in other parts of the State will please take notice that this is our pie.

"No trespassing here!" It is somewhat early to cut political pie for next year, but inasmuch as our genial contemporary, while too modest to name its candidate, warns against trespassing, we feel it to be due to possible trespossers to state that as we understand the situation, Hon. H. C. Bates is the gentleman who is nominated in eog. Now if Editor Marsh O. Perkins of Windsor will hoist a "keep-outof the pio" sign, the State at large will be informed as to the possible candidates for the lieutenant governorship. It is evident that the "east side" has no lack of good men for the position.

The New Tariff Bill. It is quite evident that the framers of the new tariff bill do not believe that protection is unconstitutional, fraudulent and a rolebery: for the principle is observed in some parts of the measure, while elsewhere it is entirely disearded. It looks as if the democratic members of the ways and means committee had attempted to frame a measure which would partially satisfy the protectionist members of their party and at the same time please the arount free trade democrats They have thus attempted to ride two steed that are going in opposite directions, and they can not very well avoid a serious turnble. At the same time they confess that the people were fooled by their tariff-talk in

A striking feature of the new tariff bill i to the five list. thes, coal, lumber, wool and other textile fibres are thes treated, and some blea of the extent to which the tariff has been smashed can be obtained from the fact that the list of articles, which can be imported tree of duty occupies more than two columns of fine print in the metropolitan datiles Bin the free list is not the only feature of the bill which nims a blow at American industries. A system of yearly reductions in some directions has been devised, so that it will be impossible for the manufacturer to look more than a few months about. As a result manufacture for future delivery will be discouraged and the think they can elevate and purify men by spot delivery trule will be the only one on

The severast blow seems, however, to have hanges made under a democratic administ they wish to reach the source of the foun beau aimed at the farmers of the north pulpable benefits of a reduction in duties, work that is as high, above politics as reli-control of the daily, on breadstuffs and more sweeping change in the products of stitution at once became apparent. It is internal revenue taxes" resorted to in order fortunate for the citizens of Barton and Or- to carry out this promise of alleged reform. that is one thing, but when they argue that leans county as well, that the organizer had on the ground that these new assessments they want to vote for the sake of the good the temerity to start a bank without a dol are not only absolutely just and easily that they can do, they overlook one of the woman. There are degraded, sorrowing Agricultural impresents are placed on the sop to the farmer, but in view of the fact that comparatively few arfeultural implements are imported farmers are not out and would be dishonorable and revolulikely to be thes deceived, much less tionary if they were. Just that and noth

> The general sustitution of ad valoren cerats as all as republicans. Specific duties have been favored heretofore as a resential, re- admitting placed upon in

It is claimed by the correspondents of democratic descens in New England that section that has been favored so far as possirde. While wool is placed on the free list and ed, the cotton planter is protected and the manufactured goods which he uses are imported free. Morover, about the only exception to the general wiping out of his orehards from the myriads of grasshop the specific duties and the substitution pers. of ad valorem duties is to be the orthodox lines, but unfortunately transfound in the cotton schedule, which makes posed their two names, and the result was that the discrimination all the greater. This discrimination is not to be wondered at, however, when it is remembered that repre sentatives of the South, including the chair man of the committee, were largely entrusted with the work of revising the tariff.

On the whole the democratic tariff bill is a piece of political patchwork which is much nore disastrons to American interests than was expected it would be, and the only hope is that the protectionists in the democratic party will unite with the republicans in Congress to seeme its medification.

A Question of Costs.

Courts are a necessary institution and they will undoubtedly remain so until the "school commissioner." but the number of dawn of the millennium when litigants will cease from troubling and the lawyers be at There are cases, however, in which no little amount of injustice appears to be done in order to obtain justice, and the case Mountain girls" know that they can vote and the defendant, and, as is true of many department is to be congratulated that not

everal times and is not yet ended. At this the post was named.

portion of the expense of trials of this nature is made with the idea of guaranteeing the rights of the poor man who is not able to bear the cost of a trial for his own vindieation, and this is well; but common justice would seem to require that some limit be placed to the burden which the commenwealth can be made to assume for litigants in this manner. If the trial of the case just empleted could continue for two or three weeks there would appear to be no good reason why it might not continue for six seels or six months as regards the statutory limitations and so long as the strength of the lawyers held out; and the ques tion is, how much of this sort of expense the

State can legitimately be made to bear. If no more economical means than County Courts can be devised for the extended tria of cases of this nature, the Legislature ought to so change the statutes that the amount to which the State treasury can be involved shall bear some due proportion to the sun recovered, and that if the litigation be carried to an unceasonable extent it be done at the expense of the litigants themselves. This might interfere somewhat, with the busines of our legal friends, but it would result in more common justice to all than the so called justice which at present is altogethe on communition

VERMONT PERSONALS.

Rev. J. W. Lees, paster of the Bradford longregational church during the past even veers, has tendered his resignation, t take effect with the last Sunday in Decom

The election of State Master Messer of the Vermont Grange as lecturer of the National trange, is eliciting flattering commenda-

The Secret of Longevity.

(Peign the New York Press.)

Miss Eliza Work, a vivacious denizen of Henrietta, N. Y., who slyly confesses to a round 100 summers, declares that she has never had occasion to use spectacles and that "my teeth are the same teeth I hav always had " She ascribes her longovit and preservation to the fact that she neve drank tea or coffee, and "above all, that she never not married." Her brother, she she never got magnied." not contracted the commubial habit. also drank-tea and coffee. As a result h died at the age of 101.

It is not surprising, therefore, to hear Mis-Work solemnly admonish the human race t abjure marriage

The Vermont Democrat. [From the Hardwick Gazette.]

What does the democratic party of Ver ment or the nation offer any young man as an inducement to join it: Only an opporary to identify himself with whores um American, unpatriotic and imbecile i conumy. An opportunity to subscribe to a believe in if they did, principles which change and vacillate and waver and disar pear an Freappear with every passing breath platforms which are not meant to be carried

A Suggestion for Vt. Parmers. (From The Montpelier Watchman.)

It is high time that the farmers of bestir themselves should amound the law which compels them t ell their beans at sixty-two pounds to the ushel.—mostly to dealers in states when the legal weight is only sixty penals. of thousands of dollars. A very bris amendment would undo this wrong. It Invested in wheat around 60 cents in t ooks very odd that such a law should ever have been enacted in a legislature which farmers are often, if not always, able to farmers are often, if not always, able to DOUBLE IN THE EE MONTHS nefit of our own people.

The Editor's Mistake. 1 From the Richmond Stard

The editor of a weekly journal lately lost two of his subscribers through accidentally departing from the beatso track in his an swers to correspondents. Two of his sub scribers wrote to nok him his remedy for their respective troubles. No. 1, a happy father of twins, wrote to inquire the bes way to get them safely over their teething and No. 2 wanted to know how to protect The editor frame t his answer upor No. 1, who was blessed with the twins, read, in reply to his query: "Cover them care fully with straw and set fire to them, and the little pests, after jumping about the flames a few minutes, will speedly be settled." While No. 2, plagued with grass-hoppers, was told to "give a little castor oil and rub their gams gently with a bone."

OUR HAVERSACK.

Election of Post Officers and Delegales to the Encampment to Be Held in Burling-

Department Commander George W. Doty has issued a general order exhorting Grand Army posts to exercise great care in the selection of officers for posts, the whole num-ber being 135. Delegates, with an equal number of alternates, to the next depart nent encampment to be hold in Burlington officers. Comrade C. C. Johnson of Jarvis post, No. 43, of Springfield has been recomended as assistant inspector-general. Comrades W. W. Henry, Stannard post, No. 2, of Burlington, H. B. Wedge, Brooks post, No. 13, of Montpeller, and C. H. West, Chamberlin post, No. 1, of St. Johnsbury, have been recommended as aids-de-camp upon the staff of the communder-in-chief. The department commander says single post was reported delinquout to na ional headquarters for the term ending June 30. This department was No. 12 in getting in the consolidated report to the na-tional headquarters. Had the officers of ome four or five posts manifested a more interest and zeal in the work, this department might have been nearer No. 1 than it was. It is hoped that this honorable record may continue, and the next reports may show a gain by muster and rein statement.

James S. Gill has presented to O. O. Howard post, No. 33, G. A. R., of Ludlow, a memorial volume. In it will be written a history of the post and a brief sketch of each member; also short biographies of the donor and Maj. Gen. Howard, after whom

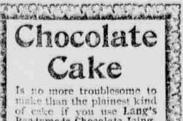
For Over Fifty Years.

allow controversies over their defects or ownership to go to such lengths. And so with other cases of this description.

The provision that the State—shall, bear-a the way much and a same a sail site is a sail

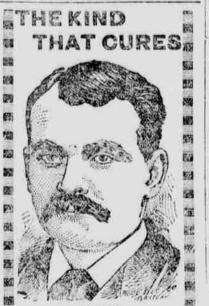
No Political Hot-House Work Wanted.

[From the Brattleboro Phoenis.] One of the great blessings of life in Ver mont is that we do not have annual else tions of State officers, and therefore do not keep the political couldron constantly boil-Will the papers which have begun a discussion of the gubernatorial question, t settled next. June, kindly suppress their effusions in this direction and they do not receive, the thanks of the pub Nothing will be gained by a hot-house boom for any candidate



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